1	Charles W. Hokanson, State Bar Number: 1	OF ORIGINAL FILED Los Angeles Superior Court
2	Tower Law Center 5150 E. Pacific Coast Highway, Suite 200	SSUEL JAN 3 1 2005
3	Long Beach, California 90804 Telephone: (562) 346-3242	John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk
4	Facsimile: (562) 346-3243	By:
5	Attorneys for Petitioner Lakewood Village Neighborhood Associati	
6	Lakewood village Neighborhood Associati	IOII
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8	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	
10		
11	LAKEWOOD VILLAGE)
12	NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, an unincorporated association,	
13	Petitioner,) Case No.: NC036580
14	i cittoner,) VERIFIED PETITION FOR
15	v.) WRIT OF MANDATE)
16	CITY OF LONG BEACH, a)
17	political subdivision of the State of) CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE
18	California; LONG BEACH CITY COUNCIL, a legislative body; and) SET FOR 8:30 a.m.
19	AND DOES 1-10	JUN 3 0 2005
20	Respondents.	IN DEPARTMENT
21	DOED IO DE AL TIV	
22	BOEING REALTY CORPORATION, a coporation; and	
23	DOES 11-100	
24	Real Parties in Interest.	
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INTRODUCTION

1. By this action, Petitioner Lakewood Village Neighborhood Association

("Petitioner") challenges the approval on December 14, 2004, by the City of Long Beach and the Long Beach City Council (collectively "City" or "Respondents") of the Douglas Park development proposed by Real Party In Interest, Boeing Realty Corporation ("Project").

Petitioner also challenges Respondent's certification of an environmental impact report ("EIR") for the Project. Petitioners allege that these actions violate the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code, section 21000 et seq. ("CEQA") and the CEQA Guidelines, Title 14, California Code of Regulations, section 15000 et seq. Petitioners seek a determination from this Court that Respondents' approval of the Project is invalid and void and that the EIR prepared for the Project fails to satisfy the requirements of CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines.

PARTIES

2. Petitioner Lakewood Village Neighborhood Association is an unincorporated non-profit association made up of residents of the area of Long heach commonly referred to as Lakewood Village and other interested individuals, businesses and business owners that share the Association's concerns regarding the Project and the area's resources, including air and water quality, the preservation of character and quality of life, and the protection of environment. Petitioner is committed to public education regarding these various issues and ensuring governmental compliance with the law of this state. Petitioner is composed of persons whose economic, personal, aesthetic, and property interests will be severely injured if the adoption of the Project is not set aside pending full compliance with CEQA and all other environmental laws. Petitioner brings this petition on behalf of all others similarly situated who

are too numerous to be named and brought before this court as petitioners. As a group composed of residents, property owners, businesses, business owners and concerned citizens generally within the City of Long Beach, Petitioner is within the class of persons beneficially interested in, and aggrieved by, the acts of respondents as alleged below. Petitioner's members participated in the administrative processes herein, and exhausted its remedies. Accordingly, Petitioner has standing to sue.

- 3. Petitioner and its members have a direct and substantial beneficial interest in ensuring that Respondents comply with the laws relating to environmental protection, particularly CEQA. Petitioner and its members are affected by Respondents' failure to prepare an adequate EIR for the Project.
- 4. Respondent City of Long Beach is a political subdivision of the State of California and a body corporate and politic exercising local government power. The City of Long Beach is the CEQA "lead agency" for the Project. As lead agency for the Project, The City of Long Beach is responsible for preparation of an environmental document that describes the Project and its impacts, and, if necessary evaluates mitigation measures and/or alternatives to lessen or avoid any significant environmental impacts.
- 5. Respondent Long Beach City Council is a legislative body duly authorized under the California Constitution and the laws of the State of California to act on behalf of the City of Long Beach. Respondent Long Beach City Council is responsible for regulating and controlling land use within the City including, but not limited to, implementing and complying with the provisions of CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines.
- 6. Petitioner is unaware of the true names and capacities of Respondents identified as
 Does 1-10. Petitioner is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that Respondents
 Does 1-10, inclusive, are individuals, entities or agencies with material interests affected by the

- 11. On December 14, 2004, the City Council denied the appeal, and approved the Project and certified the Final EIR.
- 12. Respondents filed at least three documents entitled "Notice of Determination" with the County Clerk of Los Angeles County as provided for in Public Resources Code, section 21152. Upon information and belief, this action was filed within the time period allowed for filing. Alternatively, Respondents are estopped from asserting to the contrary because of their own failures to follow applicable law and because, by their conduct on which Petitioner justifiably relied, Respondents mislead Petitioner to its determinent such that enforcement of any limitations period would be inequitable, unlawful and unfair.

B. The Project

- 13. The Project site is located in the northern portion of the City of Long Beach, southwest of the intersection of Carson Street and Lakewood Boulevard.
- 14. The Project involves construction of a mixed used development upon approximately 261 acres in that area.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 15. This Court has jurisdiction over the matters alleged in this Petition pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1085, and Public Resources Code section 21168.5. In the alternative, this Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1904.5 and Public Resources Code section 21168.
- 16. Venue for this action properly lies in the Superior Court for the State of California in and for the County of Los Angeles

EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES AND INADEQUACY OF REMEDY

17. Petitioner, through its members, has performed any and all conditions precedent to filing the instant action and has exhausted any and all available administrative remedies to the extent required by law. Petitioner, through its members, timely submitted written comments on the Draft EIR. Petitioner, through its members, also timely submitted additional written and

oral comments on the Final EIR. Petitioner, though its member Candy Robinson, properly exhausted all avenues of appeal provided to it by the City of Long Beach.

- 18. Petitioner has complied with the requirements of Public Resources Code, section 21167.5 by mailing written notice of this action to the Respondents. A copy of this written notice and proof of service are attached as Exhibit A to this Petition for Writ of Mandate.
- 19. Petitioner complied with Public Resources Code section 21167.6 by concurrently filing a request concerning preparation of the record of administrative proceedings relating to this action.
- 20. Petitioner has no plain, speedy or adequate remedy in the course of ordinary law unless this Court grants the requested writ of mandate to require Respondents to set aside their approval of the mine expansion Project, and certification of the Final EIR. In the absence of such remedy, Respondents' approvals will remain in effect in violation of State law.

STANDING

21. Petitioner has standing to assert the claims raised in this Petition because Petitioner and its members' aesthetic and environmental interests are directly and adversely affected by the County's approval of the Project.

ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS ACTIONS

22. Petitioner brings this action on the basis, among others, of Government Code section 800, which awards Petitioner's attorneys' fees in actions to overturn agency decisions that are arbitrary and capricious, such as the decisions here in question.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Abuse of Discretion) VIOLATIONS OF CEQA

23. Petitioner realleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 22, inclusive, of this Petition, as if fully set forth below.

- 24. Respondents committed a prejudicial abuse of discretion and failed to proceed in a manner required by law by relying on an EIR that fails to meet the requirements of CEQA for disclosure, analysis, and/or mitigation of significant project impacts. As discussed below, the deficiencies in the Final EIR include an inadequate project description, an inadequate alternative analysis, an inadequate analysis regarding impacts to, biological resources, land use, traffic and circulation, water resources, water quality, air quality and health and safety. The EIR also includes an inadequate response to comments and inadequate mitigation measures.
- 25. The EIR fails to comply with the requirements of CEQA in that it fails to adequately disclose, analyze and/or mitigate the Project's environmental impacts as required by law, and its conclusions regarding the Project's environmental impacts are not supported by substantial evidence. As a result, the Project will result in significant environmental impacts that the EIR failed to address or adequately mitigate. For example, the EIR fails to adequately address and mitigate the significant environmental impacts resulting from placement of homes next to the Long Beach Municipal Airport and within its scope of operations. The EIR also defers adequate analysis and mitigation of the Project's foreseeable impacts to some point in the future.
- 26. The EIR fails to provide an adequate description of the Project and fails to acknowledge existing environmental conditions and to adequately address the environmentally superior alternatives that may be able to meet project objectives. For example, the EIR failed to acknowledge that Boeing plans to development additional contiguous property or analyze the impacts of the entirety of the development it plans and the Project description and the description of the environment setting is inadequate as a result of this failure. Further, the EIR's description of the environmental setting failed to acknowledge numerous public complaints regarding the Project's impacts.
- 27. The EIR fails to provide adequate mitigation measures that avoid, minimize, rectify, reduce, or compensate for significant environmental impacts. The EIR also improperly contains mitigation measures that amount to the deferral and speculation of the solutions to significant environmental impacts. For example, the EIR improperly avoids analysis of impacts

that are foreseeable and will be a direct result of Project approval, and thus improperly defers analysis of the actual impacts and formulation of mitigation measures.

- 28. The EIR fails to adequately consider and evaluate all potentially feasible measures to mitigate the Project's significant impacts.
- 29. The EIR fails to provide a selection and discussion of alternatives that fosters informed decision-making and informed public participation. The alternatives analysis in the EIR does not meet the requirement of a reasonable range of alternatives that lessen the Project's significant environmental impacts, and does not focus on alternatives that either eliminate adverse impacts or reduce them to insignificance, even if they would to some degree impede the Project's objectives, as required by CEQA.
- 30. The responses to comments in the Final EIR fail to meet the requirements of CEQA in that they neither adequately dispose of all the issues raised, nor provide specific rationale for rejecting suggested Project changes, mitigation measures, or alternatives. CEQA requires that the lead agency evaluate and respond to all environmental comments on the Draft EIR that it receives during the public review period. The response(s) must describe the disposition of the issue(s) raised and must specifically explain reasons for rejecting suggestions and for proceeding without incorporating the suggestions. The Final EIR's responses to comments fail to meet this standard.
- 31. Where mitigation measures and alternatives to a project are not adopted, the CEQA findings must identify specific economic, legal, social and technological and other considerations that make infeasible the adoption of mitigation measures or alternatives. All CEQA findings must be supported by substantial evidence in the record and must disclose the analytical route by which approval of the project is justified. The findings regarding the impacts, mitigation measures, and alternatives relied upon by Respondent's approval of the Project are not supported by substantial evidence in the record, and the links between evidence and conclusions are not satisfactorily provided.

- 32. Respondents failed to recirculate the EIR for the Project, new information regarding impacts to resources and traffic and circulation was included in the EIR and other issues, and such information required recirculation of the document.
- 33. Respondents violated CEQA in that the findings they adopted in support of the approval of the Project and certification of the EIR are legally inadequate and not supported by substantial evidence. Inadequate findings include, but are not limited to, findings regarding Project-specific impacts, mitigation measures, and alternatives.
- 34. Respondents violated CEQA in approving the Project because the Project conflicts with the existing policies and goals of the City's General Plan and other generally applicable land use statements and plans. The Project also conflicts with other goals and policies contained in such statements and plans.
- 35. The City's General Plan, land use statements and plans, are inadequate as a matter of law because they fail to substantially comply with the California Government Code. The approval of the Project must therefore be set aside.
- 36. Respondents violated CEQA in approving the Project because the Project conflicts with the Williamson Act.
- 37. Respondent's failure to comply with the requirements of CEQA renders the EIR inadequate as a matter of law and requires that Respondent's certification of the EIR and approval of the Project must be set aside.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Petitioner prays for judgment as follows:

- 1. That this Court issue a peremptory writ of mandate ordering the County to:
- (a) vacate and set aside its December 14, 2004, approval of the Project on the ground that it violates the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code section 21000 et seq.
 - (d) prepare, circulate and consider a new legally adequate EIR for the Project;

VERIFICATION

I am the attorney for Petitioner Lakewood Village Neighborhood Association. Peitioner's members fear retribution if identified personally and are also not available to sign this verification. Additionally, as a resident of Long Beach, I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in the foregoing Petition to the same extent as Petitioner's members. For those reasons, I make this verification for and on its behalf pursuant to the California Code of Civil Procedure section 446. I have read the foregoing Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate and know its contents. The matters stated in this Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate are true of my own knowledge except those matters stated on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct. Executed this 31st ____ day of January 2005, at Long Beach, California.

Charles W. Hokanson

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January 31, 2005

Mayor Beverly O'Neal
Vice Mayor Jackie Kell
Councilmember Dan Baker
Councilmember Bonnie Lowenthal
Councilmember Frank Colonna
Councilmember Patrick O'Donnell
Councilmember Laura Richardson
Councilmember Tonia Reyes Uranga
Councilmember Rae Gabelich
Councilmember Val Lerch
City Attorney Robert Shannon
City Manager Gerald Miller
City Clerk Larry Herrara
333 West Ocean Blvd.
Long Beach, Ca 90802

Re: NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE CEQA PETITION

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Please take notice, under Public Resources Code section 21167.5, that Petitioner Lakewood Village Neighborhood Association intends to file a Petition for Writ of Mandate in Los Angeles County Superior Court under the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), Public Resources Code, section 21000 et seq. against the City of Long Beach and the Long Beach City Council challenging the December 14, 2004, approval of the Proposed Douglas Park Project

The Petition for Writ of Mandate will request that the court direct the City to vacate and rescind all Project approvals and direct it to comply with CEQA. Additionally, the Petition will seek Petitioner's costs and attorney's fees associated with this action.

Very truly yours,

Chair Whokawson

Charles W. Hokanson