Rebert E. Shanson City Algarus, of Long Bench 333 West Ocean Bonievard Long Beach, (Alifornia 90002-4664 Telephone (562) 570-2360	1	MICHAEL J. MAIS, Principal Deputy #90444 J. CHARLES PARKIN, Deputy #159162 333 W. Ocean Boulevard, 11th Floor		
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	5	Attorney for Plaintiff, City of Long Beach		
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	8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
	9	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
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	11	CITY OF LONG BEACH, a municipal corporation, by and through Long Beach City) CASE NO.	
	12	Attorney ROBERT E. SHANNON,		
	13	Plaintiffs,	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF	
	14	VS.	(Violation of Chapter 2.01 of the Long	
	15	CALIFORNIA CITIZENS FOR NEIGHBORHOOD EMPOWERMENT,) Beach Municipal Code)	
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	17	82027.5; KINDE DURKEE, as an individual and as Treasurer of California Citizens for))	
	18))	
	19	,		
	20	Defendants.)	
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	22	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Sections 2.01.310 and 2.01.610 of the Long Beach Municipal Code) (Against All Defendants)		
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	24	Plaintiff, City of Long Beach, a municipal corporation ("City"), hereby alleges as follows:		
	25	1. City is represented in this action by the City Attorney of the City of Long Beach in		
	26	accordance with Long Beach Municipal Code Section 2.01.1120.		
	27	2. City is informed, believes and therefore alleges that defendant California Citizens for		
	28	Neighborhood Empowerment ("CCNE") was and is a "general purpose committee" duly formed		
			COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF	

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- 3. City is informed, believes and therefore alleges that defendant Kinde Durkee ("Durkee") is the duly appointed and acting Treasurer of CCNE and is also an individual member and officer of CCNE.
- 4. The true names, identities and/or capacities of the defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 50, inclusive, are unknown to City, who therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. City will seek leave of this Court to amend this complaint to allege their true names, identities and/or capacities when ascertained. City is informed and believes and therefore alleges that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the unlawful conduct alleged and its effects, and that their acts, conduct and omissions directly caused injury to City.
- 5. City is informed and believes and therefore alleges that defendants, and each of them, were and are the agents and employees of each and every other defendant and acting as alleged are and were acting within the course and scope of such agency and employment.
- 6. Defendants, and each of them, are subject to the jurisdiction of this Court by virtue of their business and campaign dealings and transactions in the City of Long Beach, County of Los Angeles, and by their violation of the Long Beach Campaign Reform Act, as is hereinafter alleged. Although the exact amount of damages owed to City cannot be determined precisely without access to documents and other information possessed by defendants, the amount sought to be recovered by City is in excess of the jurisdictional minimum of this Court.
- 7. On or about June 7, 1994, City adopted the Long Beach Campaign Reform Act ("the Act") as Chapter 2.01 of the Long Beach Municipal Code, which, among other things, was adopted to help restore public trust in local governmental and electoral institutions and to insure that individuals and interest groups in the City have a fair and equal opportunity to participate in the municipal elective and governmental processes. A true and correct copy of the Act is attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference as though set forth in full, word for word as Exhibit "A".

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8. The Act establishes limitations on monetary and non-monetary contributions from individuals, organizations and political action committees who donate funds or in-kind services for the purpose of influencing or attempting to influence the actions of the voters of the City for or against the election of any City candidate. The Act further limits those persons making independent expenditures on behalf of or in opposition to a particular candidate from accepting any contribution in excess of those limits established by the Act, and likewise establishes certain requirements relating to the reporting of independent expenditures made in support of or in opposition to any candidate for elective office in the City.

- 9. City is informed, believes and therefore alleges that CCNE is a "general purpose committee" as that term is defined in California Government Code Sections 82013 and 82027.5 and was formed and operating, in part, to accept and expend campaign contributions on behalf of a candidate for Mayor in City's 2002 primary and general elections.
- 10. City is informed, believes and therefore alleges that CCNE illegally accepted campaign contributions for the purpose of making an "independent expenditure", as that term is defined in California Government Code Section 82031, supporting a clearly identifiable candidate for Mayor of the City of Long Beach, which contributions are and were grossly in excess of the limitations on contributions as established by the Act.
- 11. As a direct result of the violations of the Act, City is entitled to three times the amount of the illegal contributions accepted by CCNE together with attorneys' fees in accordance with the Long Beach Municipal Code Sections 2.01.1120 and 2.01.1140.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Section 2.01.630 of the Long Beach Municipal Code) (Against All Defendants)

- 12. City repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 11 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 13. The Act requires that those individuals and/or entities such as CCNE making independent expenditures of more than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars in support of or in opposition to any candidate, report said expenditures to the City Clerk of the City, and likewise notify all candidates running for the same elective office each time such independent expenditure is made.

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City is informed, believes and therefore alleges that CCNE willfully and intentionally made campaign expenditures in excess of the statutory limits and thereafter failed to provide the requisite notification as required by the Act.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Injunctive Relief) (Against All Defendants)

- 14. City repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 13 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. City is informed, believes and therefore alleges that unless and until enjoined and restrained by order of this Court, defendants, and each of them, will continue to violate the Act by accepting contributions of funds in excess of those permitted by the Act, and that said defendants will likewise continue to fail to notify the City Clerk and other candidates of independent expenditures made by defendants which are in excess of the statutorily prescribed amounts.
- 16. Defendants' wrongful conduct, unless and until enjoined and restrained by order of this Court, will cause great and irreparable injury to City in that said conduct will serve to subvert the election process in the City by allowing defendants to exercise a disproportionate or controlling financial influence on the election of candidates in the City by virtue of defendants' acceptance and expenditure of campaign funds far in excess of those legally available to other candidates in the same elective race. Furthermore, said conduct will have the effect of undermining the credibility and integrity of the governmental process by fostering a public perception that votes are being improperly influenced by monetary contributions and will further create an overwhelming and patently unfair fund-raising advantage for CCNE and the candidate or candidates it supports, over other candidates participating in the same race.
- 17. City has no adequate remedy at law for defendants' continued violation of the Act.

 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff City prays for judgment against all defendants, and each of them, as follows:
 - 1. On the First Cause of Action:
 - (a) For general damages, trebled, in a sum according to proof;
 - (b) For special damages, including but not limited to attorneys fees and other

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expenditures incurred in prosecuting this action:

- 2. On the Second Cause of Action:
 - (a) For general damages, trebled, in a sum according to proof;
 - (b) For special damages, including but not limited to attorneys fees and other expenditures incurred in prosecuting this action.
- 3. On the Third Cause of Action:
 - (a) For a preliminary injunction and a permanent injunction, enjoining defendants, and each of them, and their agents, servants, and employees, and all persons acting under, in concert with, or for them:
 - (1) From violating Section 2.01.610 of the Long Beach Campaign Reform Act;
 - (2) From violating Section 2.01.630 of the Long Beach Campaign Reform Act.
- 4. On all Causes of Action:
 - (a) For attorneys fees incurred to obtain the relief requested;
 - (b) For all costs of suit incurred;
 - (c) For pre-judgment interest; and
 - (d) For such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

Pursuant to the requirements of California Code of Civil Procedure Section 446, the answer to this complaint must be verified.

Dated: April 17, 2002

ROBERT E. SHANNON, City Attorney

ROBERT E. SHANNON, City Attorney Attorney for Plaintiff, City of Long Beach

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